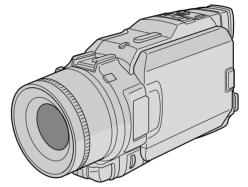
GR-DV1800EG/EK, DV2000EG/EK

# JVC

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

DIGITAL VIDEO CAMERA

# GR-DV1800EG/EK, DV2000EG/EK





#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

	Camcorder
For General	
Power supply	: DC 6.3 V (Using AC Power Adapter/Charger) DC 7.2 V (Using battery pack)
Power consumption	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
LCD monitor off, viewfinder on	: Approx. 4.4 W
LCD monitor on, viewfinder off	: Approx. 5.3 W
Dimensions (W x H x D)	: 74 mm x 90 mm x 178 mm
	(with the LCD monitor closed and the viewfinder pushed ba
	in, without the lens hood)
Weight	: Approx. 660 g (without cassette, memory card and battery)
8	Approx. 740 g (incl. cassette, memory card and battery)
Operating temperature	: 0°C to 40°C
Operating humidity	: 35% to 80%
Storage temperature	: -20°C to 50°C
Pickup	: 1/4" CCD (Progressive Scan)
Lens	: F 1.8, f = 3.8 mm to 38 mm, 10:1 power zoom lens
Filter diameter	: ø52 mm
LCD monitor	: 3.5" diagonally measured, LCD panel/TFT active matrix syst
Viewfinder	: Electronic viewfinder with 0.44" colour LCD
Speaker	: Monaural
For Digital Video Camera	
Format	: DV format (SD mode)
Signal format	: PAI standard
Recording/Playback format	: Video: Digital component recording
	: Audio: PCM digital recording, 32 kHz 4-channel (12-bit),
	48 kHz 2-channel (16-bit)
Cassette	: Mini DV cassette
Tape speed	: SP: 18.8 mm/s
	LP: 12.5 mm/s
Maximum recording time	: SP: 80 min.
(using 80 min. cassette)	LP: 120 min.
For Digital Still Camera	
Storage media	: SD Memory Card/MultiMediaCard

: 50 (VGA), 24 (XGA), 10 (UXGA) : 150 (VGA), 72 (XGA), 30 (UXGA)

: 100 (VGA), 48 (XGA), 20 (UXGA) : 300 (VGA), 144 (XGA), 60 (UXGA)

	For Connectors	
Camcorder	AV Video output Video input (GR-DV2000 only)	: 1 V (p-p), 75 Ω, analogue : 0.5 V (p-p) – 2.0 V (p-p), 75 Ω, analogue
DC 6.3 - V (Using AC Power Adapter/Charger) DC 7.2 - V (Using battery pack)	Audio output Audio input (GR-DV2000 only) DV	: 308 mV (rms), 1 k $\Omega$ , analogue, stereo : 308 mV (rms), 50 k $\Omega$ , analogue, stereo
Approx. 4.4 W Approx. 5.3 W 74 mm x 90 mm x 178 mm	Output Input (GR-DV2000 only) PHONE	: 4-pin, IEEE 1394 compliant : 4-pin, IEEE 1394 compliant
(with the LCD monitor closed and the viewfinder pushed back in, without the lens hood)	Headphone output MIC	: ø3.5 mm, stereo
Approx. 660 g (without cassette, memory card and battery) Approx. 740 g (incl. cassette, memory card and battery) 0°C to 40°C 35% to 80%	External microphone input PRINTER	: 459 $\mu V$ (rms), high impedance unbalanced, ø3.5 mm (steres : For an optional video printer equipped with a PRINT DATA connector
-20°C to 50°C 1/4" CCD (Progressive Scan)	AC power ad	apter/charger AA-V40EG or AA-V40EK
: F 1.8, f = 3.8 mm to 38 mm, 10:1 power zoom lens : ø52 mm : 3.5" diagonally measured, LCD panel/TFT active matrix system : Electronic viewfinder with 0.44" colour LCD	Power requirement Power consumption Output	: AC 110 V to 240 V $\!$
Monaural	Charge VTR	: DC 7.2 == , 1.2 A : DC 6.3 == , 1.8 A
	Dimensions (W x H x D) Weight	: 68 mm x 38 mm x 110 mm
DV format (SD mode) PAL standard Video: Digital component recording	AA-V40EG AA-V40EK	: Approx. 260 g : Approx. 340 g
Audio: PČM digital recording, 32 kHz 4-channel (12-bit), 48 kHz 2-channel (16-bit)		Jack Box CU-V504U
Mini DV cassette SP: 18.8 mm/s	For General	
LP: 12.5 mm/s SP: 80 min. LP: 120 min.	Dimensions (W x H x D) Weight	: 37.5 mm x 18.5 mm x 55 mm : Approx. 30 g
	For Connectors	
	USB S-VIDEO	: TYPE B : Y: 1 V (p-p), 75 Ω, analogue output C: 0.29 V (p-p), 75 Ω, analogue output
	EDIT	: ø3.5 mm, 2-pole
: JPEG (compatible) : 3 modes (UXGA: 1600 x 1200 pixels/XGA: 1024 x 768 pixels/ VGA: 640 x 480 pixels) : 2 modes (FINE/STANDARD) lages [18 MB]) : 50 (VGA) 24 (XGA) 10 (UXGA)	EDIT	C: 0.29 V (p-p), 75 Ω, analogue output

VICTOR COMPANY OF JAPAN, LIMITED VIDEO DIVISION

S40894

Printed in Japan



Picture quality

FINE STANDARD

(with an optional MultiMediaCard [16 MB]) FINE : 100 (VC STANDARD : 300 (VC

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Title	Page	Section	Title	Page
Importa	ant Safety Precautions		4. CHARTS	AND DIAGRAMS	
INSTRU	ICTIONS		NOTES OF S	CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	4-1
			CIRCUIT BOA	ARD NOTES	4-2
1. DISA	SSEMBLY			NTERCONNECTIONS	
1.1 BEF	FORE ASSEMBLY AND DISASSEMBLY	1-1	4.2 MAIN IF S	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (1/2)	4-5
	Precautions		4.3 MAIN IF S	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (2/2)	4-7
1.1.2	Assembly and disassembly	1-1	4.4 CPU SCH	IEMATIC DIAGRAM	4-9
1.1.3	Destination of connectors	1-1		J SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	Disconnection of Connectors (Wires)			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	S AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSEME			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	SEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM [GR-DV2000EG/EK	
	Tools required for adjustments			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	ASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF CABINET PARTS			O SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	ARD ASSEMBLY			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	Disassembly flow chart			VE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
1.3.2	Disassembly method	1-3		CHEMATIC DIAGRAM T SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	F(COLOR)			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	Disassembly/Assembly of the ® E.VF(COLO) ASSEMBLY OF THE ® OP BLOCK AND CCD BOARD A			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	Precautions			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	How to remove			EC SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	How to install			SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	-
	Replacement of Service Repair Parts			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	ASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF THE @ MONITOR ASS			OR SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	Monitor Assembly and Hinge Assembly			CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
	NUAL EJECTION OF THE CASSETTE TAPE		4.23 EJECT	AND DECK OPE. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	S 4-47
	ERGENCY DISPLAY		4.24 CCD S0	CHEMATIC DIAGRAM	4-48
1.9 SEF	RVICE NOTE	1-13	4.25 ZOOM	OPE. UNIT, POWER OPE. UNIT,	
				PE. UNIT, MENU SW UNIT AND	
				FPC UNIT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS	
2. MEC	HANISM ADJUSTMENT			IRCUIT BOARD	
2.1 PRE	ELIMINARY REMARKS ON ADJUSTMENT AND	REPAIR 2-1		RCUIT BOARD	
	Precautions			DA CIRCUIT BOARD	
2.1.2	Notes on procedure for disassemby/assembly	/ 2-1		CIRCUIT BOARD	
	S AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSEME			RCUIT BOARD OR CIRCUIT BOARD	
	SEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT			CIRCUIT BOARD	
	Tools required for adjustments		4.32 JACK C	AND DECK OPE. CIRCUIT BOARDS	4-07 4-60
	ASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF MECHANISM AS			RCUIT BOARD	
	General statement  Explanation of mechanism mode			GE CHARTS	
	Mechanism timing chart			R SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM	
	ASSEMBLING PROCEDURE TABLE			ATOR SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM	
	Disassembly/assembly			SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM	
	List of procedures for disassembly		4.39 AUDIO	SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM	4-85
	ECKUP AND ADJUSTMENT OF MECHANISM				
	CHANISM ADJUSTMENTS	-	5. PARTS LIS	ST	
	Adjustment of the slide guide plate		5.1 PACKING	AND ACCESSORY ASSEMBLY <m1></m1>	5-1
	Adjustment of the Tension Arm and Pad Arm As		5.2 FINAL AS	SEMBLY <m2></m2>	5-3
2.6.3	Adjustment of the Slide Lever 2	2-16		ISM ASSEMBLY <m3></m3>	
2.7 JIG	CONNECTOR CABLE CONNECTION	2-17		ONIC VIEWFINDER ASSEMBLY <m4></m4>	
2.8 SEF	RVICE NOTE	2-18		R ASSEMBLY <m5></m5>	
				CAL PARTS LIST	
				RD ASSEMBLY <01>	
	CTRICAL ADJUSTMENT			D ASSEMBLY <02>	
	ECAUTION			OARD ASSEMBLY <03>	
	TUP			RD ASSEMBLY <04>	_
	NITOR ADJUSTMENT			D ASSEMBLY <05> BOARD ASSEMBLY <06>	
	PLL (MONI)			RD ASSEMBLY <07>	_
	ECTRONIC VIEWFINDER (E.VF) ADJUSTME			RD ASSEMBLY <08>	
3.4.1	PLL (VF)	చ-చ		BOARD ASSEMBLY <09>	
				D ASSEMBLY <10>	

#### The following table lists the differing points between Models GR-DV1800EG/EK and GR-DV2000EG/EK in this serise.

	GR-DV1800EG	GR-DV1800EK	GR-DV2000EG	GR-DV2000EK	
AV INPUT	NOT USED		NOT USED USED		:D
S INPUT/OUTPUT	NOT USED/USED(JACK BOX)		USED/USED(JACK BOX)		
DV INPUT	NOT USED		USE	:D	
AC ADAPTOR CHARGER	AA-V40EG	AA-V40EK	AA-V40EG	AA-V40EK	

## **Important Safety Precautions**

Prior to shipment from the factory, JVC products are strictly inspected to conform with the recognized product safety and electrical codes of the countries in which they are to be sold. However, in order to maintain such compliance, it is equally important to implement the following precautions when a set is being serviced.

#### Precautions during Servicing

- Locations requiring special caution are denoted by labels and inscriptions on the cabinet, chassis and certain parts of the product. When performing service, be sure to read and comply with these and other cautionary notices appearing in the operation and service manuals.

Replace only with specified part numbers.

Note: Parts in this category also include those specified to comply with X-ray emission standards for products using cathode ray tubes and those specified for compliance with various regulations regarding spurious radiation emission.

Fuse replacement caution notice.
 Caution for continued protection against fire hazard.
 Replace only with same type and rated fuse(s) as specified.

- 4. Use specified internal wiring. Note especially:
  - 1) Wires covered with PVC tubing
  - 2) Double insulated wires
  - 3) High voltage leads
- Use specified insulating materials for hazardous live parts. Note especially:
  - 1) Insulation Tape
- 3) Spacers
- 5) Barrier

- 2) PVC tubing
- 4) Insulation sheets for transistors
- When replacing AC primary side components (transformers, power cords, noise blocking capacitors, etc.) wrap ends of wires securely about the terminals before soldering.

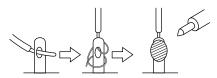


Fig.1

- Observe that wires do not contact heat producing parts (heatsinks, oxide metal film resistors, fusible resistors, etc.)
- 8. Check that replaced wires do not contact sharp edged or pointed parts.
- When a power cord has been replaced, check that 10-15 kg of force in any direction will not loosen it.

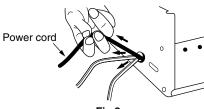


Fig.2

- 10. Also check areas surrounding repaired locations.
- 11. Products using cathode ray tubes (CRTs) In regard to such products, the cathode ray tubes themselves, the high voltage circuits, and related circuits are specified for compliance with recognized codes pertaining to X-ray emission. Consequently, when servicing these products, replace the cathode ray tubes and other parts with only the specified parts. Under no circumstances attempt to modify these circuits. Unauthorized modification can increase the high voltage value and cause X-ray emission from the cathode ray tube.

12. Crimp type wire connector

In such cases as when replacing the power transformer in sets where the connections between the power cord and power transformer primary lead wires are performed using crimp type connectors, if replacing the connectors is unavoidable, in order to prevent safety hazards, perform carefully and precisely according to the following steps.

- 1) Connector part number: E03830-001
- 2) Required tool: Connector crimping tool of the proper type which will not damage insulated parts.
- 3) Replacement procedure
  - Remove the old connector by cutting the wires at a point close to the connector.

Important: Do not reuse a connector (discard it).



Fia.3

(2) Strip about 15 mm of the insulation from the ends of the wires. If the wires are stranded, twist the strands to avoid frayed conductors.



Fig.4

(3) Align the lengths of the wires to be connected. Insert the wires fully into the connector.

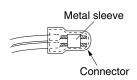
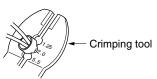


Fig.5

(4) As shown in Fig.6, use the crimping tool to crimp the metal sleeve at the center position. Be sure to crimp fully to the complete closure of the tool.



Fia.6

(5) Check the four points noted in Fig.7.

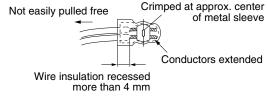


Fig.7

### Safety Check after Servicing

Examine the area surrounding the repaired location for damage or deterioration. Observe that screws, parts and wires have been returned to original positions, Afterwards, perform the following tests and confirm the specified values in order to verify compliance with safety standards.

#### 1. Insulation resistance test

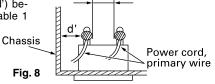
Confirm the specified insulation resistance or greater between power cord plug prongs and externally exposed parts of the set (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.). See table 1 below.

#### 2. Dielectric strength test

Confirm specified dielectric strength or greater between power cord plug prongs and exposed accessible parts of the set (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.). See table 1 below.

#### 3. Clearance distance

When replacing primary circuit components, confirm specified clearance distance (d), (d') between soldered terminals, and between terminals and surrounding metallic parts. See table 1 below.



#### 4. Leakage current test

Confirm specified or lower leakage current between earth ground/power cord plug prongs and externally exposed accessible parts (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.).

Measuring Method: (Power ON)

Insert load Z between earth ground/power cord plug prongs and externally exposed accessible parts. Use an AC voltmeter to measure across both terminals of load Z. See figure 9 and following table 2.

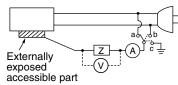


Fig. 9

#### 5. Grounding (Class 1 model only)

Confirm specified or lower grounding impedance between earth pin in AC inlet and externally exposed accessible parts (Video in, Video out, Audio in, Audio out or Fixing screw etc.).

#### **Measuring Method:**

Connect milli ohm meter between earth pin in AC inlet and exposed accessible parts. See figure 10 and grounding specifications.

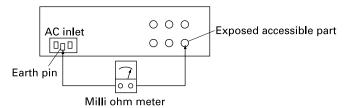


Fig. 10

#### **Grounding Specifications**

Region	Grounding Impedance (Z)
USA & Canada	Z ≦ 0.1 ohm
Europe & Australia	Z ≦ 0.5 ohm

AC Line Voltage	Region	Insulation Resistance (R)	Dielectric Strength	Clearance Distance (d), (d')
100 V	lanan	R ≧ 1 MΩ/500 V DC	AC 1 kV 1 minute	d, d' ≧ 3 mm
100 to 240 V	Japan	R ≦ 1 WI22/500 V DC	AC 1.5 kV 1 miute	d, d' ≧ 4 mm
110 to 130 V	USA & Canada	1 M $\Omega \le R \le 12$ M $\Omega/500$ V DC	AC 1 kV 1 minute	d, d' ≧ 3.2 mm
110 to 130 V 200 to 240 V	Europe & Australia	R ≧ 10 MΩ/500 V DC	AC 3 kV 1 minute (Class II) AC 1.5 kV 1 minute (Class I)	$d \ge 4 \text{ mm}$ $d' \ge 8 \text{ mm (Power cord)}$ $d' \ge 6 \text{ mm (Primary wire)}$

Table 1 Specifications for each region

AC Line Voltage	Region	Load Z	Leakage Current (i)	a, b, c
100 V	Japan	o	i ≦ 1 mA rms	Exposed accessible parts
110 to 130 V	USA & Canada	0.15 μF 1.5 kΩ	i ≦ 0.5 mA rms	Exposed accessible parts
110 to 130 V	110 to 130 V		i ≦ 0.7 mA peak i ≦ 2 mA dc	Antenna earth terminals
220 to 240 V	Europe & Australia	ο	i ≦ 0.7 mA peak i ≦ 2 mA dc	Other terminals

Table 2 Leakage current specifications for each region

Note: These tables are unofficial and for reference only. Be sure to confirm the precise values for your particular country and locality.

II

## SECTION 1 DISASSEMBLY

#### 1.1 BEFORE ASSEMBLY AND DISASSEMBLY

#### 1.1.1 Precautions

- 1. Be sure to remove the power supply unit prior to mounting and soldering of parts.
- When removing a component part that needs to disconnect the connector and to remove the screw for removing itself, first disconnect the connecting wire from the connector and then remove the screw beforehand.
- 3. When connecting and disconnecting the connectors, be careful not to damage the wire.
- Carefully remove and handle the part to which some spacer or shield is attached for reinforcement or insulation.
- 5. When replacing chip parts (especially IC parts), desolder completely first (to prevent peeling of the pattern).
- Tighten screws properly during the procedures.
   Unless specified otherwise, tighten screws at a torque of 0.069N•m(0.7kgf•cm).

#### 1.1.2 Assembly and disassembly

STEP No.	PART	Fig.No.	POINT	NOTE
1	ZOOM OPE UNIT	Fig.1-3-1	3(S①),(L①a),4(L①b),CN 1a	_
2	FRONT COVER ASSY	Fig.1-3-2	CN(2a),2(S(2a),(S(2b), 2(S(2c),2(S(2b),CN(2b)	NOTE@a NOTE@b NOTE@c NOTE@d
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

- (1) Indicate the disassembly steps. When assembling, perform in the reverse order of these steps. This number corresponds to the number in the disassembly diagram.
- (2) Indicates the name of disassembly/assembly parts.
- (3) Indicates the number in the disassembly diagram.
- (4) Indicates parts and points such as screws, washers, springs which must be removed during disassembly/ assembly.

Symbol Name, Point S Screw

L Lock, Pawl, Hook

SD Soldering

☆(Others) Connector, Cover, Bracket, etc.

(Example)

• 2 (S1) : Remove the two screws (S1) for removing

the part 1.

CN(1a)Disconnect the connector (1a).SD(1)Unsolder at the point SD(1).

(5) Precautions on disassembly/assembly.

#### 1.1.3 Destination of connectors

Note: Three kinds of double-arrows in connection tables respectively show kinds of connector/wires.

↔ : Wire⇔ : Flat wire

⇒ : Board to Board connector

[Example]

Note: Remove the parts marked in ......



#### 1.1.4 Disconnection of Connectors (Wires)

Connector

Pull both ends of the connector in the arrow direction, remove the lock and disconnect the flat wire.

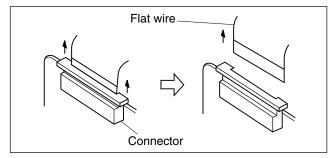


Fig. 1-1-1 Connector 1

Extend the locks in the direction of the arrow for unlocking and then pull out the wire. After removing the wire, immediately restore the locks to their original positions because the locks are apt to come off the connector.

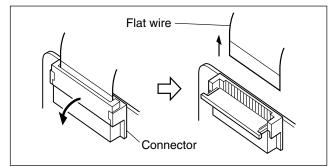


Fig. 1-1-2 Connector 2

B-B connector

Pull the board by both the sides in the direction of the arrow for disconnecting the B-B connector.

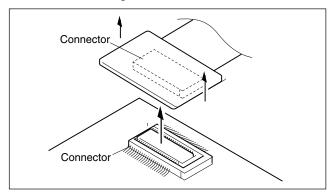


Fig. 1-1-3 Connector 3

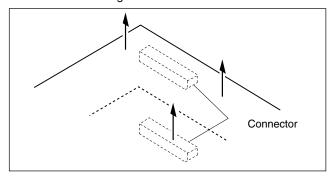


Fig. 1-1-4 Connector 4

## 1.2 JIGS AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSEMBLY, ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

#### 1.2.1 Tools required for adjustments

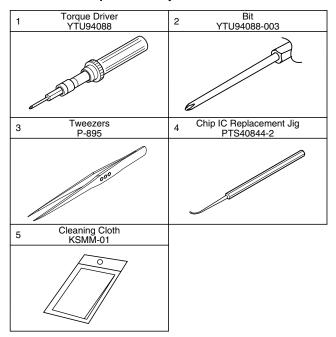


Table 1-2-1

#### 1. Torque driver

Be sure to use to fastening the mechanism and exterior parts because those parts must strictly be controlled for tightening torque.

#### 2. Bit

This bit is slightly longer than those set in conventional torque drivers.

#### 3. Tweezers

To be used for removing and installing parts and wires.

#### 4. Chip IC replacement jig

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 5. Cleaning cloth

Recommended cleaning cloth to wipe down the video heads, mechanism (tape transport system), optical lens surface.

## 1.3 DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF CABINET PARTS AND BOARD ASSEMBLY

#### 1.3.1 Disassembly flow chart

This flowchart indicates the disassembly step for the cabinet parts and board assembly in order to gain access to item(s) to be serviced. When reassembling, perform the step(s) in reverse order.

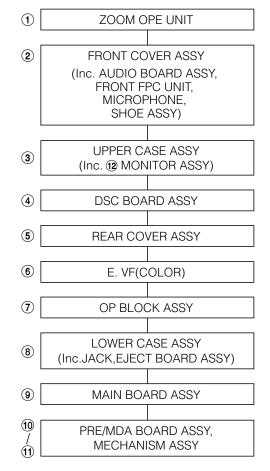


Table 1-3-1

#### 1.3.2 Disassembly method

	Disassembly memod				
STEP No.	PART	Fig.No.	POINT	NOTE	
1	ZOOM OPE UNIT	Fig.1-3-1	3(S①),(L①a),4(L①b),CN 1a	-	
2	FRONT COVER ASSY	Fig.1-3-2	CN2a),2(S2a),(S2b), 2(S2c),2(S2b),CN2b	NOTE@a NOTE@b NOTE@c NOTE@d	
	AUDIO BOARD ASSY	Fig.1-3-2b	CN(2c),(S(2)d),(S(2)e),CN(2d), CN(2e)	NOTE@e NOTE@f	
	FRONT FPC UNIT		SPACER,CN(2f),CN(2g),CN(2b), (S(2e)		
	MICROPHONE	Fig.1-3-2c	2(S②f),(S②g),2(S②h),2(L②a)	NOTE@g NOTE@h	
	SHOE ASSY		SPACER,2(L@b)	NOTE@j	
3	UPPER CASE ASSY Inc. MONITOR ASSY	Fig.1-3-3	3(S3a),6(S3b),(S3c), CN3a	NOTE3a NOTE3b NOTE3c	
4	DSC BOARD ASSY	Fig.1-3-4	(S④),LUG WIRE,HEAT SINK, (L④),CN④ ,CN④	NOTE@a NOTE@b	
5	REAR COVER ASSY	Fig.1-3-5	CN(5a),2(S(5a),(S(5b)	-	
6	E.VF(COLOR)	Fig.1-3-6	HEAT SINK(MAIN), CN(6a), (S(6a), 2(S(6b), (L(6a), (L(6b), 2(L(6c)	NOTE®	
7	OP BLOCK ASSY	Fig.1-3-7	(\$\igcap a),LUG WIRE,CN(\bar{7a}), CN(\bar{7b}),CN(\bar{7c}),CN(\bar{7d}),2(\$\igcap b), (L(\bar{7a}),(L(\bar{7b}))	_	
8	LOWER CASE ASSY	Fig.1-3-8	CN(8a), CN(8b), 3(S(8a), (S(8b), 2(L(8a), (L(8b))	_	
9	MAIN BOARD ASSY	Fig.1-3-9	CN9a,(S9),(L9)	-	
10 /	PRE/MDA BOARD ASSY, MECHANISM ASSY	Fig.1-3-10	3(S (10 a), BKT (MECHA) ASSY, 2(S (10 b), (L (10 ), SHIELD COVER (PRE/REC), CN (10 ), 3(S (10 b))	NOTE@a NOTE@b	

Table 1-3-2

Note: Remove the parts marked in ...

CONN. No.		CON	INEC	TOR		Pin No.
(1a)	AUDIO	CN203	$\Leftrightarrow$	ZOOM OPE	-	8
2a	AUDIO	CN201	<b>↔</b>	MAIN	CN112	80
2b)	EJECT	CN2421	$\Leftrightarrow$	FRONT FPC	-	12
2c	AUDIO	CN202	$\Leftrightarrow$	SH0E ASSY	_	16
(2d)	AUDIO	CN205	$\Leftrightarrow$	LENS SHUTTER	-	10
2e	AUDIO	CN204	$\leftrightarrow$	MICROPHONE	-	3
<b>2</b> f	FRONT FPC UNIT	CN2413	$\Leftrightarrow$	FOCUS RING	-	6
<b>2</b> g	FRONT FPC UNIT	CN2412	$\leftrightarrow$	IR UNIT		3
2g)	FRONT FPC UNIT	CN2411	$\Leftrightarrow$	MENU SW UNIT	_	6
3a	MAIN	CN108	$\Leftrightarrow$	MONITOR	-	50
(4a)	DSC	CN8401	<b>⇔</b>	MAIN	CN105	120
(4b)	DSC	CN8402	$\Leftrightarrow$	JACK	CN301	20/45
(5a)	MAIN	CN109	$\Leftrightarrow$	REG	CN601	80
(6a)	MAIN	CN110	$\Leftrightarrow$	E.VF(COLOR)	CN501	22
(7a)	MAIN	CN102	$\Leftrightarrow$	CCD	-	20
(7b)	MAIN	CN101	$\leftrightarrow$	CCD	_	2
(7c)	MAIN	CN103	$\leftrightarrow$	OP BLOCK ASSY	_	2
(7d)	MAIN	CN104	$\Leftrightarrow$	OB BLOCK ASSY	-	39
(8a)	EJECT	CN2422	$\Leftrightarrow$	MAIN	CN113	13
8b	JACK	CN301	$\Leftrightarrow$	MAIN	CN111	24/45
9a	MAIN	CN106	<b>⇔</b>	PRE/MDA	CN401	80
10a	PRE/MDA	CN406	$\Leftrightarrow$	SENSOR	_	16
10b	PRE/MDA	CN405	$\Leftrightarrow$	CAPSTAN .MOTOR	-	18
100	PRE/MDA	CN404	$\Leftrightarrow$	DRUM MOTOR	_	11
100	PRE/MDA	CN402	$\Leftrightarrow$	HEAD	-	8
(10e)	PRE/MDA	CN407	⇔	ROTARY ENCODER	-	6
(10f)	PRE/MDA	CN403	$\Leftrightarrow$	LOADING MOTOR	-	6

**NOTE** ②a: Open the cassette cover after removing the screws.

**NOTE** ②b: Be careful not to damage the FPC when unplugging it.

NOTE ②c: As the ⑦ OP Block Assembly is exposed as a result of the above steps, be careful not to damage any of its parts. Take particular care not to scratch the lens surfaces.

**NOTE** ②d: When mounting the parts, set the REC MODE switch to "video". Also set the lever to the uppermost position at the same time.

**NOTE** ②e: Treat the microphone wire with care.

**NOTE** ②f: When mounting, be careful not to damage the jacks.

**NOTE** ②g: When mounting, be careful not to damage the switches.

**NOTE** ②h: When mounting, be careful when handling the FPC.

NOTE ②j: When mounting, be careful not to damage the boss (stud).

**NOTE** (3a)(3)**b**: Be sure to confirm the position of the screws.

NOTE ③c: For the disassembly of the ⑫ Monitor Assembly, see section 1.6, "Disassembly/Assembly of ⑫ Monitor Assembly".

**NOTE 4a:** Be careful not to damage the CONNECTOR.

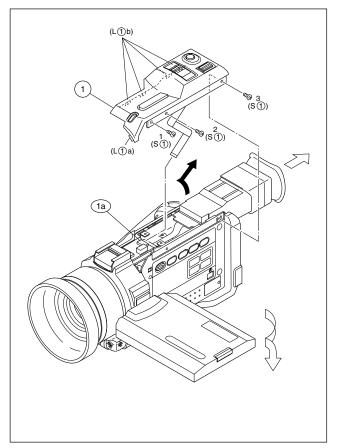
**NOTE (4)b:** Handle the peeled-off heat sink carefully because it should be reused in the assembly.

**NOTE (®):** For the disassembly of the **(®)** E.VF, see section 1.4, "Disassembly/Assembly of **(®)** E.VF".

NOTE (i)a: The FPC of the loading motor should be mounted by inserting it between the Mechanism Assembly and the PRE/MDA Board Assembly.

**NOTE (1)b:** When mounting the shield cover, push down the FPC of the drum while attaching it.

Table 1-3-3 1-3



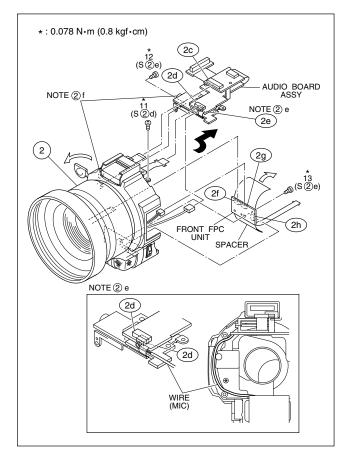


Fig. 1-3-1 Fig. 1-3-2b

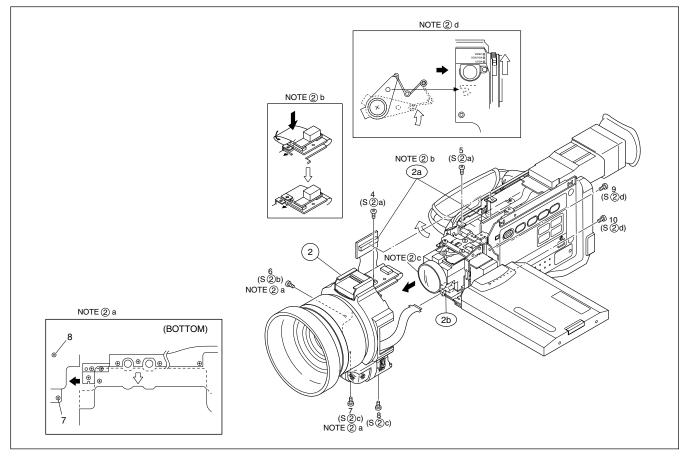


Fig. 1-3-2a

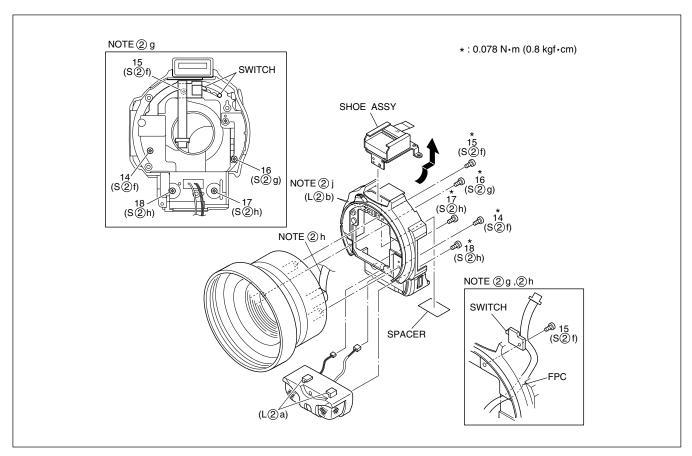


Fig. 1-3-2c

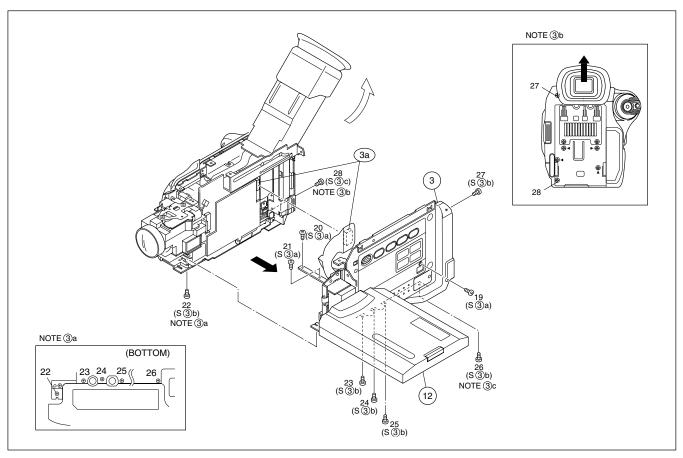
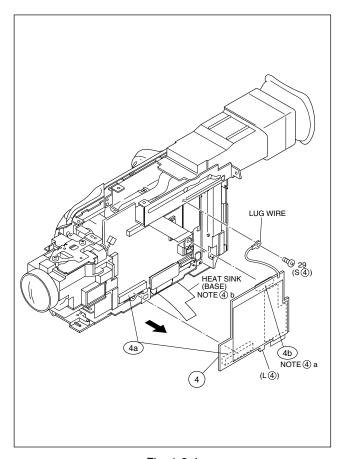


Fig. 1-3-3



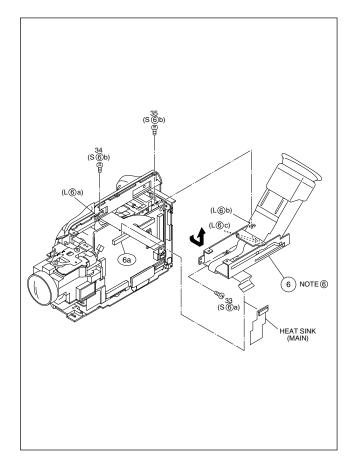


Fig. 1-3-4

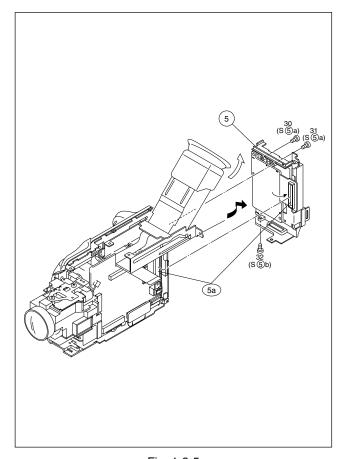


Fig. 1-3-6

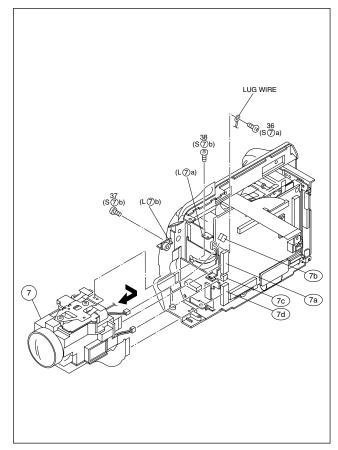
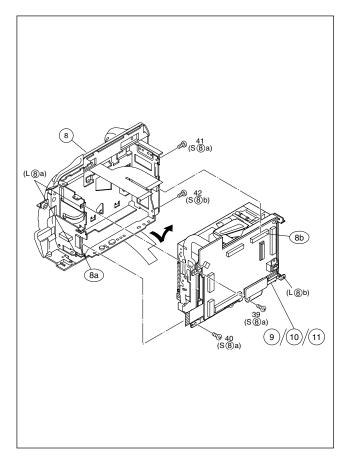


Fig. 1-3-5

Fig. 1-3-7



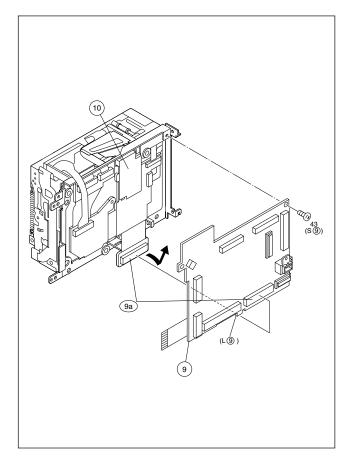


Fig. 1-3-8 Fig. 1-3-9

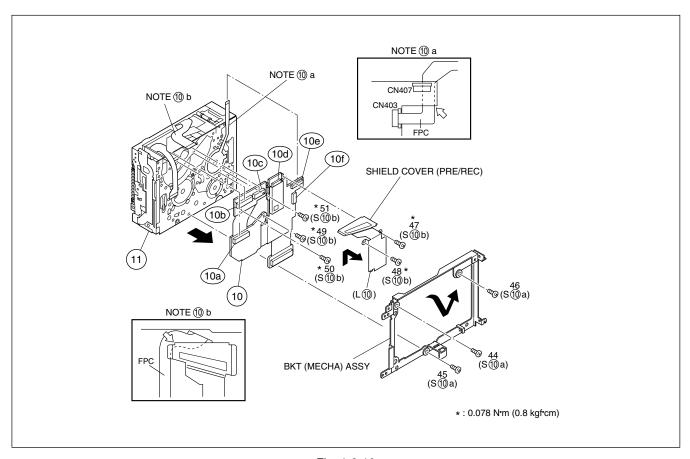


Fig. 1-3-10

#### 1.4 **6** E.VF(COLOR)

#### 1.4.1. Disassembly/Assembly of the <sup>®</sup> E.VF(COLOR)

- Remove the 2 screws (1 and 2) and then remove the EYE CAP.
- 2. Remove the 2 screws (3 and 4).
- 3. Pull out the VF assembly and them remove the 4 screws (5 to 8) to release the FPC ASSY.
- 4. Remove the 2 screws (9 and 10) then lift the E.VF from the BRACKET (VF) ASSY and take out the FPC ASSY.

Note®a: Be careful not to disconnect or break the FPC ASSY wire.

Remove the 2 screws (11 and 12) to remove the UPPER CASE ASSY.

Note 6 b: Be careful not to lose any of the parts.

6. Remove the LCD UNIT from the BOTTOM CASE ASSY.

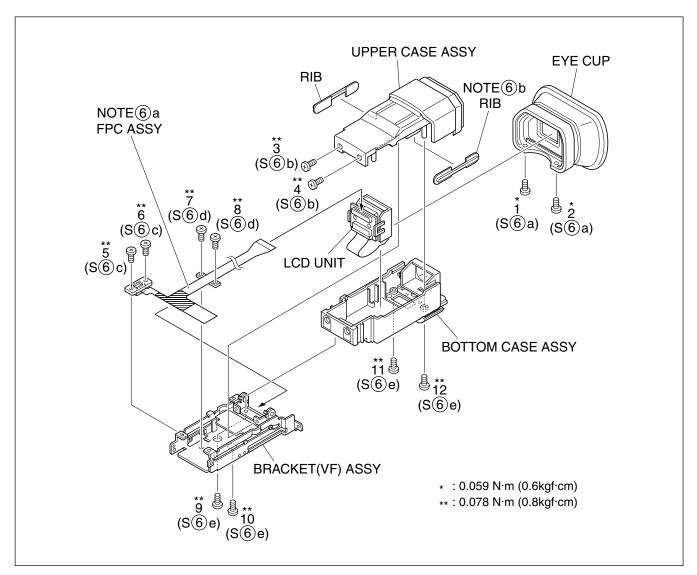


Fig. 1-4-1

## 1.5 DISASSEMBLY OF THE ⑦ OP BLOCK AND CCD BOARD ASSEMBLIES

#### 1.5.1 Precautions

- Take care in handling the CCD image sensor, optical LPF and lens components when performing maintenance etc., especially with regard to surface contamination, attached dust or scratching. If fingerprints are present on the surface they should be wiped away using either a silicon paper, clean chamois or the cleaning cloth recommended by the Video Product Division.
- The CCD image sensor may have been shipped with a protective sheet attached to the transmitting glass. When replacing the CCD image sensor, do not peel off this sheet from the new part until immediately before it is mounted in the OP Block Assembly.

#### 1.5.2 How to remove

- Remove the solder (SD1) from the 16 soldered points on the CCD Board Assembly and take the assembly out.
- 2. Remove the two screws (1, 2) and take out the CCD Base Assembly.

Note Ta: When removing the CCD Base Assembly, be careful not to take out the CCD image sensor together with the spacer rubbers attached to it.

**Note (7)b:** The CCD image sensor should not be replaced as a single part but should be replaced together with the entire CCD Base Assembly.

#### 1.5.3 How to install

- 1. With the spacer rubbers attached to the CCD base, mount the CCD base in the OP Block Assembly and tighten them together using the two screws (1, 2).
- 2. Mount the CCD Board Assembly and attach solder to the 16 points (SD1).

#### 1.5.4 Replacement of Service Repair Parts

The service repair parts for the OP Block Assembly are as listed below.

Before replacement of these parts, remove the bracket (OP assyembly) as required.

Take special care not to disconnect any of the FPC wires or cause any damage due to soldering (excessive heating).

- 1. Focusing motor
- 2. Zoom motor
- 3. Iris motor unit
- **Note** (7c: When replacing the focusing motor or the zoom motor, solder the FPC at a space of about 1 mm above the terminal pin.
- **Note ?d:** The iris motor unit includes the FPC Assembly, switch and two sensors.
- Note 7e: Be careful not to damage the switch.

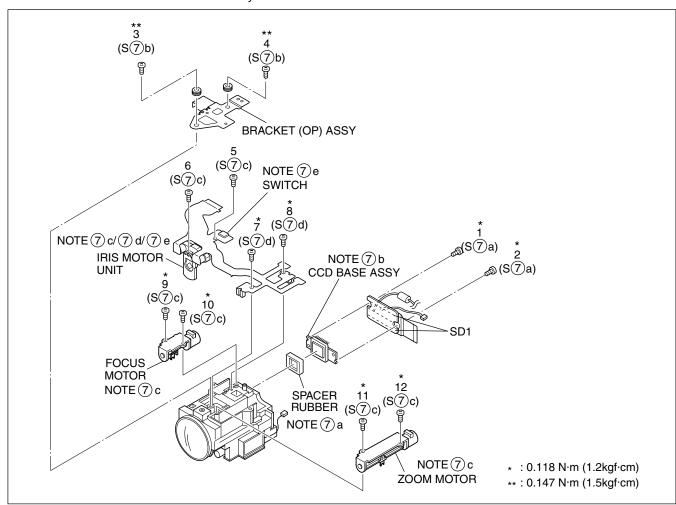


Fig. 1-5-1

## 1.6 DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF THE <sup>(1)</sup> MONITOR ASSEMBLY

#### 1.6.1 12 Monitor Assembly and Hinge Assembly

- Remove the four screws (1 to 4), disengage the four hooks (L<sup>®</sup> a to d) in order, and take out the Monitor Cover Assembly.
- 2. Unlock the connector ((2a)) and, while lifting the Hinge Assembly, unplug and take out the FPC.
- Remove the screw (5) and take out the bracket (MONITOR CASE).
- 4. Unplug the FPC from the connector ((2b)) and take out the Monitor Board Assembly and the backlight.
- 5. Remove the LCD module by disengaging the five hooks (L@ e to i).
- Remove the two screws (6, 7) and take out the hinge covers (U, L) by disengaging the four hooks (L<sup>®</sup> k, I) at both sides of each of the hinge covers.
- 7. Remove the FPC Assembly from the Hinge Assembly.

- Note (2a: Don't reuse the screw, because screw lock bond was applied to them.
- **Note (2)b:** Be careful not to damage the FPC or the connector when removing the Monitor Cover Assembly.
- **Note @c:** Be careful not to damage the parts when removing or mounting the Hinge Assembly.
- Note (2d: To unplug the FPC, release only the lock of the connector and remove the FPC together with the Hinge Assembly.
- Note (2e: As the backlight is soldered at two points on the Monitor Board Assembly, the solder should be removed when disassembling the backlight as a single part.
- Note 12f: Take care when handling the FPC.
- **Note** @g: Be careful not to lose the magnets and attach them in the correct orientation.
- Note (2)h: When mounting the FPC Assembly, wrap it around the Hinge Assembly by 3-1/2 turns.

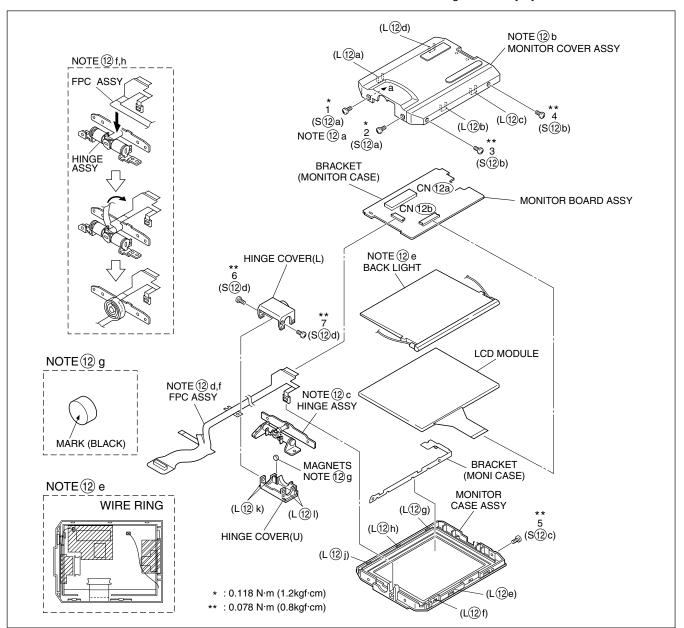


Fig. 1-6-1

#### 1.7 MANUAL EJECTION OF THE CASSETTE TAPE

Note: The following procedure describes a simplified method of ejecting the cassette tape in case it is not possible to eject it, due to an electrical failure.

Be careful not to damage any of the parts or the tape when performing repairs or maintenance work.

- Remove the Power Unit (battery, DC code, etc.) from the main unit.
- 2. Open the cassette cover.
- 3. Attach a piece of PVC tape at the front of the cassette housing.

Note: This helps prevent the tape from being damaged when the Cassette Housing Assembly is moved upward at the unloading end.

- In order to change the mechanism mode at the unloading end apply 3 V, DC to the electrode on the top surface of the Loading Motor Assembly and then set it to the eject mode.
- If there is any slack tape in the tape transport system, wind it inside the cassette tape by turning the Supply Reel Disk from the backside of the Slide Deck Assembly
- 6. Peel off the PVC tape and take out the cassette tape from the cassette housing.

**Note:** Make sure that grease or a similar substance is not attached to the surface of the tape.

Similarly, also make sure that grease or a similar substance is not attached on the Mechanism Assembly.

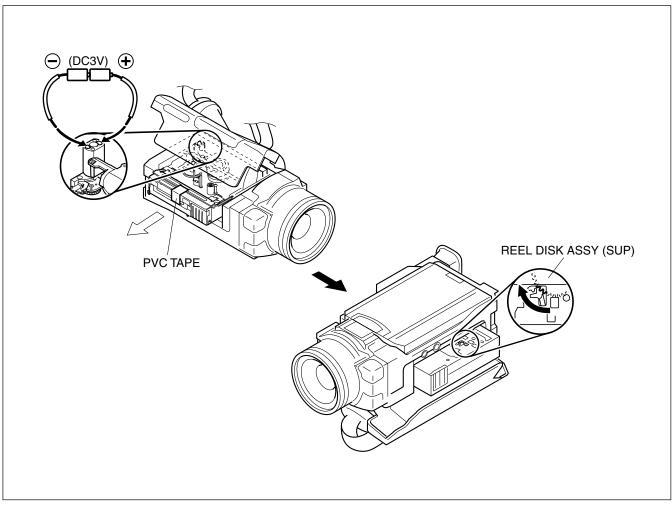


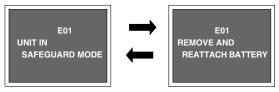
Fig. 1-7-1

#### 1.8 EMERGENCY DISPLAY

Whenever some abnormal signal is input to the syscon CPU, an error number (E01, as an example) is displayed on the LCD monitor or (in the electronic view finder). In every error status, such the message as shown below alternately appear over and over.

• In an emergency mode, all operations except turning on/ off the POWER switch are ineffectual.

#### Example (in case of the error number E01):



LCD display	Emergency mode	Dotaile   Doccible on	
E01	LOADING	In the case the encoder position is not shifted to the next point though the loading motor has rotated in the loading direction for 4 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E01].	The mechanism is locked during mode shift.     The mechanism is locked at the mechanism loading end, because the encoder position is skipped during mechanism mode shift.     No power is supplied to the loading MDA.
E02	UNLOADING	In the case the encoder position is not shifted to the next point though the loading motor has rotated in the unloading direction for 4 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E02].	The mechanism is locked during mode shift.     The mechanism is locked at the mechanism loading end, because the encoder position is skipped during mechanism mode shift.
E03	TU & SUP REEL FG	In the case no REEL FG is produced for 4 seconds or more in the capstan rotation mode after loading was complete, the mechanism mode is shifted to STOP with the pinch roller set off.  This error is defined as [E03].  However, no REEL EMG is detected in the SLOW/STILL mode.	<ol> <li>The idler gear does not engage with the reel disk well.</li> <li>Though the idler gear and reel disk are engaged with each other, the tape is not wound because of overload to the mechanism.</li> <li>No FG pulse is output from the reel sensor.</li> <li>No power is supplied to the reel sensor.</li> <li>Tape transport operation takes place with a cassette having no tape inside.</li> <li>The tape slackens and no pulse is produced until the slack is taken up and the tape comes into the normal status.</li> </ol>
E04	DRUM FG	In the case there is no DRUM FG input in the drum rotation mode for 4 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E04], and the mechanism mode is shifted to STOP with the pinch roller set off.	The drum cannot be started or drum rotation is stopped because tape transport load is too high.     Tape tension is extremely high.     The tape is damaged or soiled with grease, etc.     The DRUM FG signal is not received by the syscon CPU.     Disconnection in the middle of the signal line.     Failure of the DRUM FG pulse generator (hall element).     No drum control voltage is supplied to the MDA.     No power is supplied to the DRUM MDA.
E05	-	-	-
E06	CAPSTAN FG	In the case no CAPSTAN FG is produced in the capstan rotation mode for 2 seconds or more. This error is defined as [E06], and the mechanism mode is shifted to STOP with the pinch roller set off.  However, no CAPSTAN EMG is detected in the STILL/FF/REW mode.	The CAPSTAN FG signal is not received by the syscon CPU.     Disconnection in the middle of the signal line.     Failure of the CAPSTAN FG pulse generator (MR element).     No capstan control voltage is supplied to the MDA.     No power is supplied to the CAPSTAN MDA.     The capstan cannot be started or capstan rotation is stopped because tape transport load is too high.     Tape tension is extremely high. (Mechanical locking)     The tape is damaged or soiled with grease, etc. (Tape tangling occurs, etc.)

(DVC\_03)

#### 1.9 SERVICE NOTE

Symbol No. –	$\uparrow$		$\odot$									8									
Removing order of screw -	<b>↑</b>	-	7	က	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		
Place to stick screw -	1	*	*	*	*	*						*	*	*							
Reference drawing -	<u> </u>	  ਜ਼ਿ	Fig. 1-3-1	_			Fig	Fig. 1-3-2a	ū			Ĕ	Fig. 1-3-2b	25		ш	Fig. 1-3-2c	3-2c			
Screw tightening torque -	$\uparrow$		$\left  {f I} \right $					l-l								п					
Symbol No. →	1					(e)						4		(O)			(e)				
Removing order of screw →	$\uparrow$	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	(,)	30 31	1 32	33	34	35			
Place to stick screw -	1	*	*	*													*	*			
Reference drawing -	1					Fig. 1-3-3	9.3				ш.	Fig. 1-3-4	4	Fig. 1-3-5	-3-5		Fig.	Fig. 1-3-6			
Screw tightening torque -	$\uparrow$											ı									
Symbol No. –	1		(F)			<b>®</b>			6					<b>@</b>							
	1	36	37	38	33	40	41	45	43		44	45 46	3 47	7 48	49	20	51				
Place to stick screw -	1		*	*																	
Reference drawing -	<b>1</b>	Fig	Fig. 1-3-7			Fig. 1-3-8	-3-8		Fig. 1-3-9	-3-9			Ш	Fig. 1-3-10	10						
Screw tightening torque →	$\uparrow$		$ \Box $						I			L			Ħ						
Svmbol No. →	1						(6) VF UNIT	L L													
Removing order of screw →	1	-	2	က	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	=	12								
Place to stick screw -	<u> </u>					*	*	*	*												
Reference drawing -	<u> </u>						Fig.	Fig. 1-4-1													
Screw tightening torque -	<u> </u>	Ħ						п													
	L					(	V994 790 Id d0 (F)		200							9	6	E	YOU'V GOTINOM		
Bemoving order of screw →	_ <u>_</u>	-	0	ď	4	رد	- S	200	<u> </u>	σ	10	=	10		-	٥		4	5 5	9	7
Place to stick screw -	1		1	,		,	,		,	,	!		!		*	*					
Reference drawing -	$\uparrow$		1				Fig.	Fig. 1-5-1									-	Fig. 1-6-1	<u>-</u>		
Screw tightening torque -	1	IV		Λ					N							IV			П		
	J	< NOTE >		 D O	n't reus	e the	screw.	becau	*: Don't reuse the screw. because screw lock bond was applied to them.	W lock	v buod	vas ab	plied to	o them.							
		CV		, Pay ca I	reful a : 0.06	ful attention to tighteni 0.069N·m (0.7kgf·cm)	n to tig (0.7kg	htenin f·cm)	Pay careful attention to tightening torque for each screw. I : 0.069N·m (0.7kgf·cm) II : 0.078N·n	e for ea II :	ach scr 0.078	ch screw. 0.078N·m (0.8kgf·cm)	r. J.8kgf·c	(mc	Ħ		.N650	m (0.6	: 0.059N·m (0.6kgf·cm)	_	
				N	. 0.1	0.118N·m (1.2kgf·cm)	(1.2kg	f·cm)		>	0.147	0.147N·m (1.5kgf·cm)	.5kgf·c	(mc							

1-0-1 olde

## SECTION 2 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

## 2.1 PRELIMINARY REMARKS ON ADJUSTMENT AND REPAIR

#### 2.1.1 Precautions

- 1. When fastening parts, pay careful attention to the tightening torque of each screw. Unless otherwise specified, tighten a screw with the torque of 0.039 N·m (0.4 kgf•cm).
- 2. Be sure to disconnect the set from the power supply before fastening and soldering parts.
- When disconnecting/connecting wires, be careful not to get them and their connectors damaged. (Refer to the Section 1.)
- 4. When replacing parts, be very careful neither to damage other parts nor to fit wrong parts by mistake.

#### 2.1.2 Notes on procedure for disassemby/assembly

The disassembling procedure table (Table 2-4-1 on page 2-5,a part of the table is shown below for reference)shows the procedure to disassemble/reassemble mechanism parts.

Carefully read the following explanation before starting actual disassembling/reassembling work. The item numbers (circled numbers)in the following explanation correspond to those appearing under respective columns of the table.

- (1) Circled numbers appearing in this column indicate the order to remove parts. When reassembling, follow these numbers in the reverse order. Circled numbers in this column correspond to those appearing in drawings of this section.
- (2) This column shows part names corresponding to circled numbers in the left column.
- (3) The symbol (T or B)appearing in this column shows the side which the objective part is mounted on. T =the upper side, B =the lower side
- (4) Symbols appearing in this column indicate drawing numbers.

Step Part Name Fig. Point Note Remarks

(5) This column indicates parts and points such as screws, washers, springs, and others to be removed/fitted for disassembling/reassembling the mechanism. Besides such the parts, this column occasionally indicates working points.

P = Spring W = Washer S = Screw

> Lock (L),soldering (SD),shield,connector (CN), etc.

Example

- Remove ((W1)=Washer W1.
- \*\*Remove the solder at (SD1)=Point SD1.
- \*\*Disconnect (A) = Connector (A) .
- (6) Numbers in this column represent the numbers of notes in the text.For example, "1" means "Note 1". (For parts that need phase adjustment after reassembling, refer to "2.6 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS".)
- (7) This column indicates required after-disassembling/-reassembling work such as phase adjustment or mechanism adjustment.

NO.	PART NAME		FIG.	POINT	NOTE	REMARKS
1	CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY	Τ	Fig.2-4-3	3(S①),(L①a)-(L①e)	NOTE(1)a,b,c,d	ADJUSTMENT
2	UPPER BASE ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-4	(S2),(L2a),(L2b)	NOTE2	
3	DRUM ASSY	Τ		(S3a),2(S3b)	NOTE3a,b	
4	REEL DISK ASSY(SUP)	Т	Fig.2-4-5	(W4)	NOTE@a	
(5)	REEL DISK ASSY(TU)	Т		(W3)	NOTE(5)	
6	REEL COVER ASSY	Т		2(W6),(S6a),2(S6b)	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

## 2.2 JIGS AND TOOLS REQUIRED FOR DISASSEMBLY, ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

#### 2.2.1 Tools required for adjustments

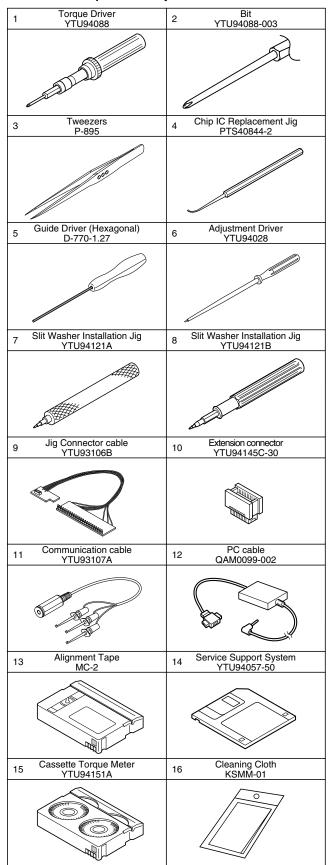


Table 2-2-1

#### 1. Torque Driver

Be sure to use to fastening the mechanism and exterior parts because those parts must strictly be controlled for tightening torque.

#### Bit

This bit is slightly longer than those set in conventional torque drivers.

#### 3. Tweezers

To be used for removing and installing parts and wires.

#### 4. Chip IC Replacement Jig

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 5. Guide Driver (Hexagonal)

To be used to turn the guide roller to adjustment of the linarity of playback envelope.

#### 6. Adjustment Driver

To be used for adjustment.

#### 7. Slit Washer Installation Jig

To be used to install slit washers.

#### 8. Slit Washer Installation Jig (NEW TYPE)

To be used to install slit washers.

#### 9. Jig Connector Cable

Connected to CN107 of the main board and used for electrical adjustment, etc.

#### 10. Extension Connector

Connect this extension connector to the connector of the jig connector cable for extending the cable connector.

**Note:** For supplying the power through the coupler by removing the cover (for jig), use this extension connector double for connecting the jig connector cable.

#### 11. Communication Cable

Connect the Communication cable between the PC cable and Jig connector cable when performing a PC adjustment.

#### 12. PC Cable

To be used to connect the VideoMovie and a personal computer with each other when a personal computer is used for adjustment.

#### 13. Alignment Tape

To be used for check and adjustment of interchangeability of the mechanism.

#### 14. Service Support System

To be used for adjustment with a personal computer.

#### 15. Cassette Torque Meter

This is used to cheek the back tension and play torque during mechanism adjustment.

**Note:** When using the cassette torque meter, install the service support system software in advance.

- LED : Forced to ON
- EJECT SW : OFF (Cancel)

The above setting is required to prevent any tape damage that may occur because the cassette torque meter cannot detect the leading/trailing sections of the tape.

#### 16. Cleaning Cloth

Recommended cleaning cloth to wipe down the video heads, mechanism (tape transport system), optical lens surface.

#### 2.3 DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY OF MECHANISM AS-SEMBLY

#### 2.3.1 General statement

The mechanism should generally be disassembled/assembled in the C.IN mode (ASSEMBLY mode). (Refer to Fig. 2-3-1,2.)

However, when the mechanism is removed from the main body, it is set in the STOP mode. Therefore, after the mechanism is removed from the main body, supply 3 V DC to the electrode on the top of the loading motor to enter the mechanism mode into the C,IN mode compulsory.

#### <Mechanism assembly/Cassette housing assembly>

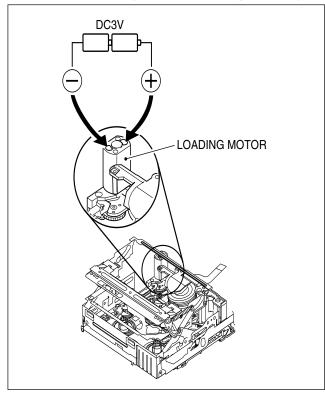


Fig. 2-3-1

#### <Back side of the mechanism assembly>

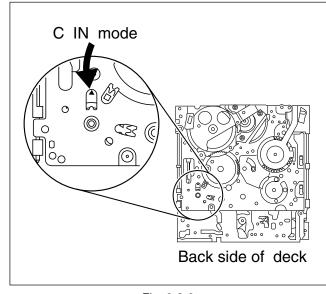


Fig. 2-3-2

#### 2.3.2 Explanation of mechanism mode

The mechanism mode of this model is classified into five modes as shown in Table 2-3-1. Each mechanism mode can be distinguished from others by the relative position of "△", "○", "○" "□" marks on the sub cam gear to the inner or outer protrusion on the main deck. Refer to Fig. 2-3-3 to 2-3-8 below.

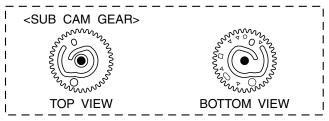


Fig. 2-3-3

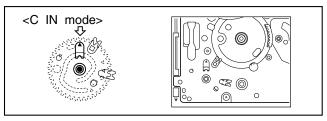


Fig. 2-3-4

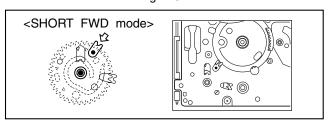


Fig. 2-3-5

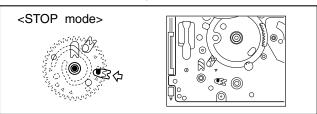


Fig. 2-3-6

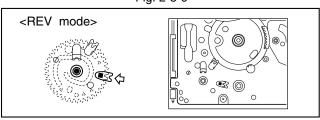


Fig. 2-3-7

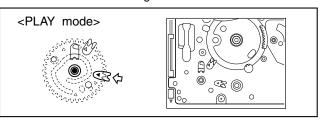


Fig. 2-3-8

#### 2.3.3 Mechanism timing chart

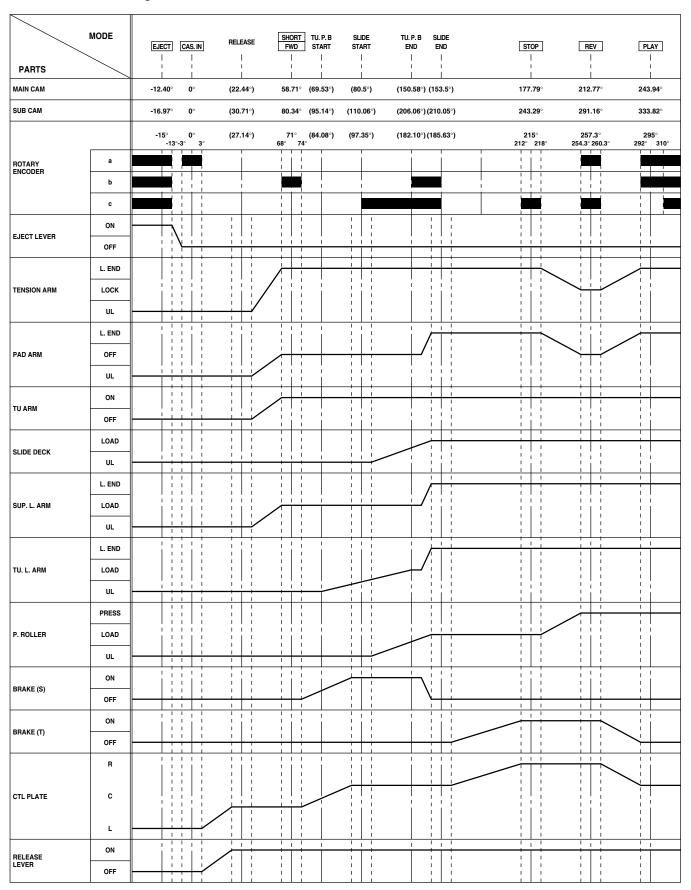


Table 2-3-1

#### 2.4 DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE TABLE

NO.	PART NAME		FIG.	POINT	NOTE	REMARKS
1	CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-3	3(S1),(L1a)-(L1e)	NOTE①a,b,c,d	ADJUSTMENT
2	UPPER BASE ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-4	(S2),(L2a),(L2b)	NOTE2	
3	DRUM ASSY	Т		(S3a),2(S3b)	NOTE3a,b	
4	REEL DISK ASSY(SUP)	Т	Fig.2-4-5	(W4)	NOTE4	
(5)	REEL DISK ASSY(TU)	Т		(W3)	NOTE(5)	
6	REEL COVER ASSY	Т		2(W6),(S6a),2(S6b)	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
7	TENSION ARM ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-6	_	NOTE(7)	ADJUSTMENT / ★
8	SLANT POLE ARM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
9	TU ARM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE®	ADJUSTMENT
10	SWING ARM ASSY	Т		(S10)	NOTE10	ADJUSTMENT
11)	SLIDE DECK ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-7a	(W①),2(S①a),(S①b), 2(L①a),2(L①b),(L①c)	NOTE(1)a,b	ADJUSTMENT / ★
12	PAD ARM ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-7b	(P12),(L12),(W12)	NOTE(2)	ADJUSTMENT / ★
13	SUP BRAKE ASSY	Т		(P13),(L13),(S13)	NOTE(3)	ADJUSTMENT
14)	TU BRAKE ASSY	Т		(P14),(L14),(W14)	NOTE(14)	ADJUSTMENT
15)	TENSION CTL LEVER ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-8	_	NOTE(15)	ADJUSTMENT
16	CENTER GEAR	Т		_	NOTE16	
17)	PINCH ROLLER ARM F. ASSY	Т		(W17)	NOTE(17)	
18	TENSION CTL PLATE ASSY	Т		_	NOTE18	ADJUSTMENT
19	BRAKE CTL LEVER ASSY	Т		_	NOTE(19)	ADJUSTMENT
20	MOTOR BRACKET ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-9	3(S20),(L20a),2(L20b)	NOTE20	ADJUSTMENT
21)	GUIDE RAIL ASSY	Т		2(W21),(S21),2(L21)a),(L21)b)	NOTE21	ADJUSTMENT
22	SLIDE LEVER 2 ASSY	Т		_	NOTE22	ADJUSTMENT / ★
23	LOADING PLATE ASSY	Т		(W23)	NOTE <b>23</b>	ADJUSTMENT
24	MODE GEAR	Т		_	NOTE24	
25)	EJECT LEVER	Т		(W25)	NOTE <b>25</b>	ADJUSTMENT
26	BASE R ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-10	(S26a),(S26b),2(L26)	NOTE <b>26</b>	ADJUSTMENT
27)	ROTARY ENCODER	Т		2(S <b>27</b> )	NOTE27	PHASE ADJUSTMENT
28	GEAR COVER ASSY	Т		(S28a),2(S28b)	_	
29	MAIN CAM ASSY	Т		_	NOTE29	PHASE ADJUSTMENT
30	SLIDE ARM ASSY	Т	Fig.2-4-11	_	NOTE30	ADJUSTMENT
31)	CONNECT GEAR 2	Т		_	NOTE31	
32	SUB CAM ASSY	Т		(S32)	NOTE32	PHASE ADJUSTMENT
33	CONTROL ARM ASSY	Т			NOTE33	ADJUSTMENT
34)	REEL GEAR 1	Т		_	NOTE34	
35 / 36	DRUM BASE ASSY/ CAPSTAN MOTOR	Т	Fig.2-4-12	3(S35)	NOTE <b>35</b> a,b	ADJUSTMENT
36	CAPSTAN MOTOR	Т		(S36)	NOTE36	ADJUSTMENT
37)	MAIN DECK ASSY	Т		_	_	

MARK: ★ After assembly, perform adjustments.

Table 2-4-1

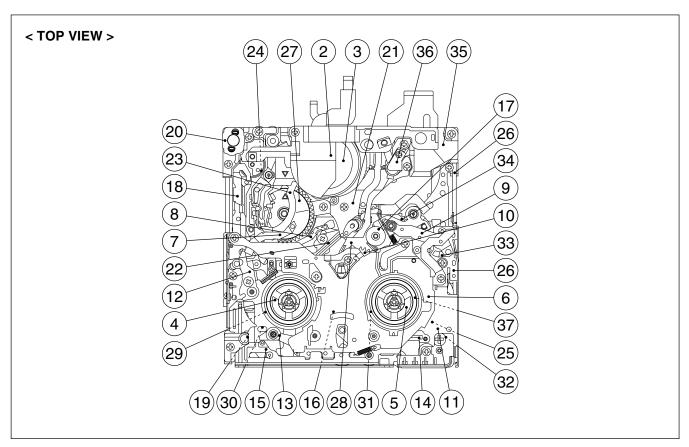


Fig. 2-4-1

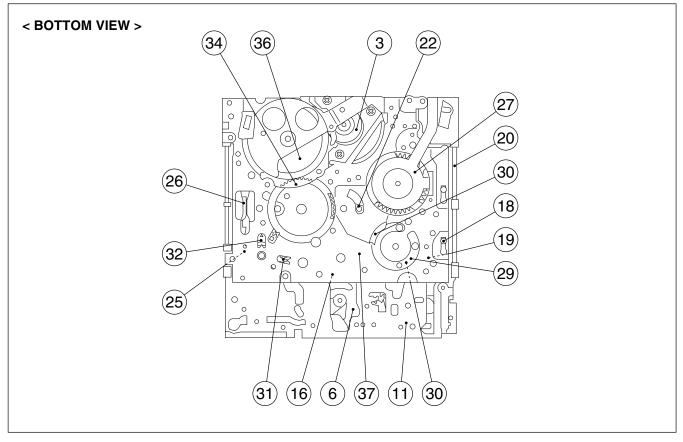


Fig. 2-4-2

#### 2.4.1 Disassembly/assembly

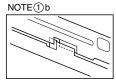
1. ① CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY

#### NOTE(1)a:

Be careful not to damage any of the parts during work.

#### NOTE(1)b:

Special care is required in mounting.



2 (S①)

NOTE(1)b

(L1)c).

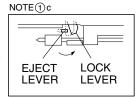
(L1)d)

(L1)b)

(L(1)e)

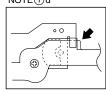
#### NOTE(1)c:

When mounting, the CASSETTE HOUSING ASSY should be attached in the Eject status. Pay heed to the positions of the LOCK LEVER and EJECT LEVER during mounting.



#### NOTE(1)d:

When mounting, be sure to locate the FPC in the gap.



#### NOTE 1 d



NOTE(1) a

LOCK LEVER NOTE 1 c

(S<sub>1</sub>)

NOTE(1)d

NOTE(1)d

(L1)a)

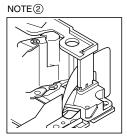
(S(1))

#### 2. ② UPPER BASE ASSY

③ DRUM ASSY

#### NOTE2:

When mounting, be sure to insert the FPC reinforcing sheet.

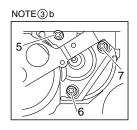


#### NOTE3a:

Be mindful of scratches or damage during work.

#### NOTE3b:

Be careful not to attach screws incorrectly.



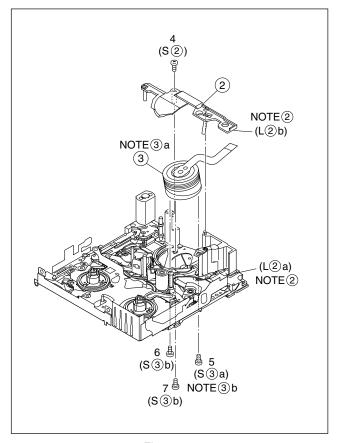


Fig. 2-4-4



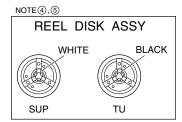
- 3. 4 REEL DISK ASSY(SUP)
  - **5** REEL DISK ASSY(TU)
  - **6** REEL COVER ASSY

#### NOTE(4):

Be careful not to attach the REEL DISK wrongly. The Supply side can be identified by the white color at the center.

#### NOTE(5):

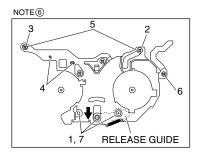
Be careful not to attach the REEL DISK wrongly. The Take-up side can be identified by the black color at the center.



#### NOTE(6):

Perform the following steps for mounting.

- 1. Move the RELEASE GUIDE back and align the 2 holes with the pins.
- 2. Attach the PINCH ROLLER ARM ASSY by aligning the positions.
- 3. Attach the SUB DECK ASSY by aligning the positions.
- 4. Check that the parts below them are located in the correct positions.
- 5. Tighten the 2 screws.
- 6. Tighten the screw.
- 7. Attach the 2 SLIT WASHER parts.



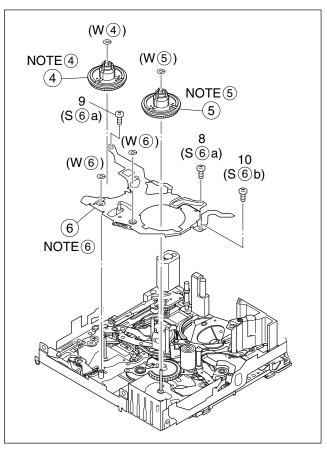


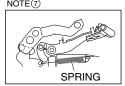
Fig. 2-4-5

- 4. 7 TENSION ARM ASSY
  - **8** SLANT POLE ARM ASSY
  - 9 TU ARM ASSY
  - 10 SWING ARM ASSY

#### NOTE(7):

When detaching, remove the spring of the @ PAD ARM ASSY in advance.

Pay attention to the attachment position.



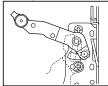
#### NOTE(8):

Be careful not to lose any parts (such as a spring).



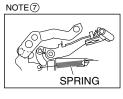
Pav attention to the mounting position.

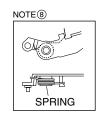


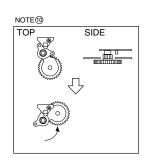


#### NOTE10:

When detaching, remove the screw then remove the SWING ARM ASSY by pulling it up and turning it.







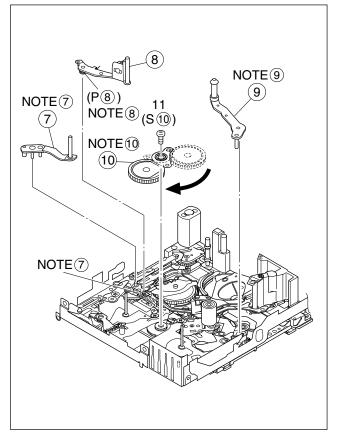


Fig. 2-4-6

#### 5. (1) SLIDE DECK ASSY

#### NOTE11a:

Each of the parts on the SLIDE DECK ASSY can be replaced separately.

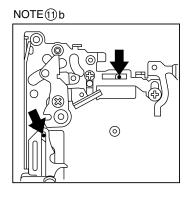
When detaching the assembly, if there is no need to replace any of its parts, remove the SLIDE DECK ASSY as it is.

#### NOTE(1)b:

When mounting, pay attention to the positions of the SLIDE LEVER (2) studs to which the SLIT WASHERS are attached and the BRAKE CONTROL LEVER ASSY.

When mounting, position the CONTROL PLATE on the left side.

Pay attention to the position of the SLIDE GUIDE PLATE during mounting.



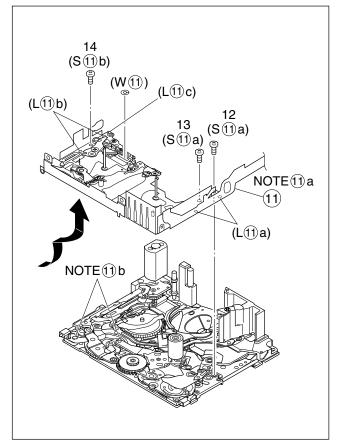


Fig. 2-4-7a

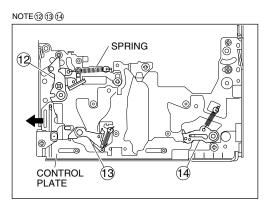
- 6. ② PAD ARM ASSY
  ③ SUP BRAKE ASSY
  ④ TU BRAKE ASSY

#### NOTE12:

The spring may have already been disengaged when the ® SLANT POLE ARM ASSY was removed.

#### NOTES(13/14):

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning. Mount the CONTROL PLATE by moving it fully toward the left side.



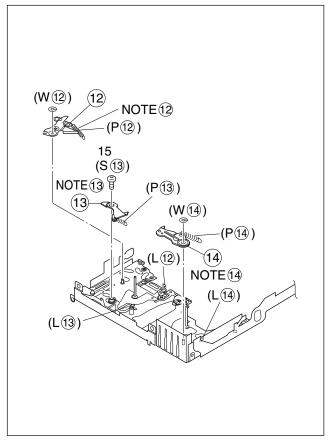
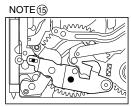


Fig. 2-4-7b

- 7. (§) TENSION CTL LEVER ASSY
  - **16** CENTER GEAR
  - 17 PINCH ROLLER ARM F. ASSY
  - **18 TENSION CTL PLATE ASSY**
  - (19) BRAKE CTL LEVER ASSY

#### NOTES(15)/16:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.

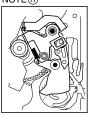




#### NOTE17:

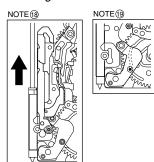
Take care against grease attachment during work.







When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.



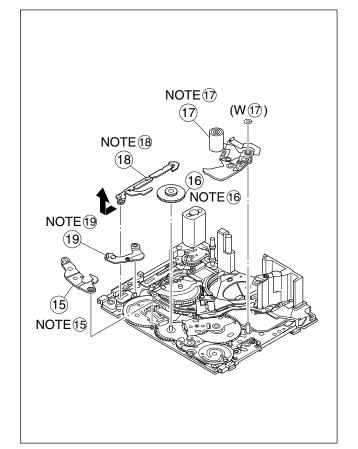
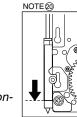


Fig. 2-4-8



- 21 GUIDE RAIL ASSY
- 2 SLIDE LEVER 2 ASSY
- **23** LOADING PLATE ASSY
- **24** MODE GEAR
- **25** EJECT LEVER

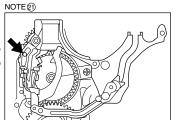


#### NOTE:

When mounting, pay attention to the positioning of the sliding parts.



When mounting, take care that no part is allowed to float or rattle.



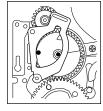
#### NOTES22/23/24/25:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.





NOTE@



NOTE@



NOTE @



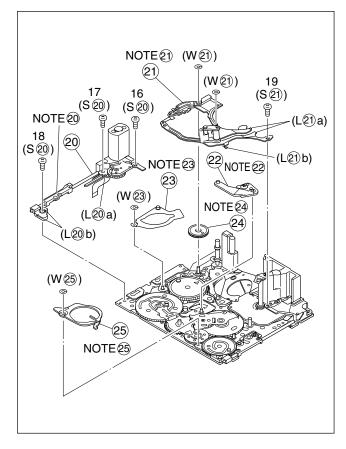
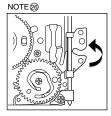


Fig. 2-4-9

- 9. 26 BASE R ASSY
  - **②** ROTARY ENCODER
  - **28** GEAR COVER ASSY
  - **29 MAIN CAM ASSY**

#### NOTE26:

When mounting, fold the sliding part to the inner side.



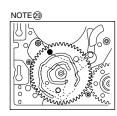
#### NOTE27:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning and the FPC layout.



#### NOTE29:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning.



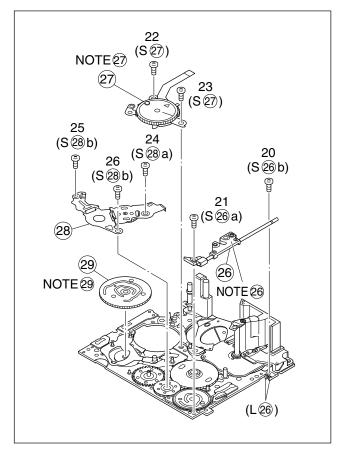


Fig. 2-4-10

- 10. 30 SLIDE ARM ASSY
  - **31) CONNECT GEAR 2**
  - 32 SUB CAM ASSY
  - **33** CONTROL ARM ASSY
  - 34 REEL GEAR 1

#### NOTE30:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning and the FPC layout.



#### NOTE31:

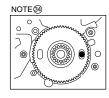
When mounting, pay attention to the position of the front and back.



#### NOTES32/33/34:

When mounting, pay attention to the correct positioning and the FPC layout.





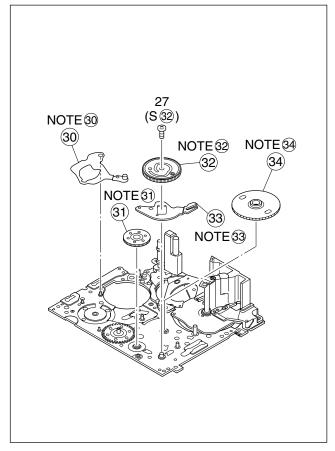


Fig. 2-4-11

#### 11. 35 DRUM BASE ASSY

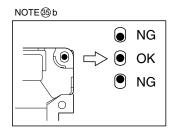
- **36** CAPSTAN MOTOR
- 37 MAIN DECK ASSY

#### NOTES 35 a /36:

When detaching, remove them together and then separate from §a.

#### NOTE 35 b:

When mounting, attach the DRUM BASE ASSY so that the screw hole is located at the center of the ellipse.



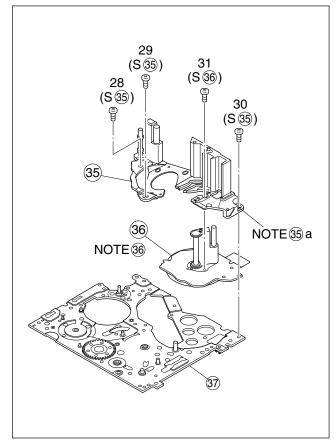


Fig. 2-4-12

#### 2.4.2 List of procedures for disassembly

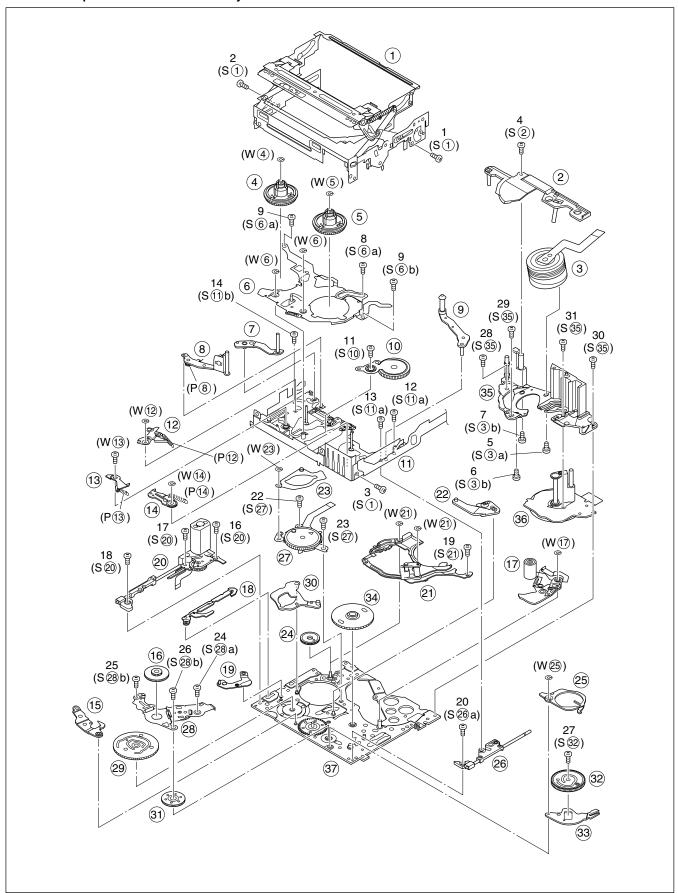


Fig. 2-4-13

#### 2.5 CHECKUP AND ADJUSTMENT OF MECHANISM PHASE

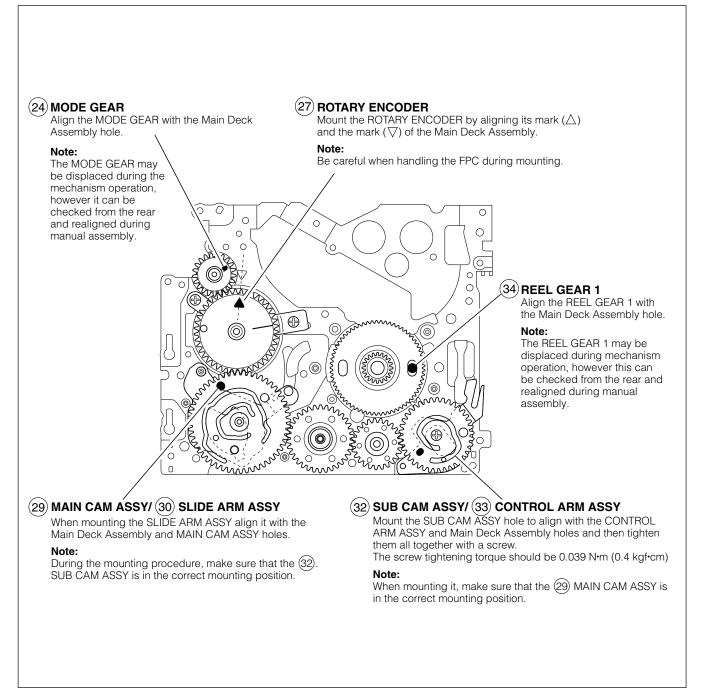


Fig. 2-5-1

#### 2.6 MECHANISM ADJUSTMENTS

#### 2.6.1 Adjustment of the slide guide plate

Use Fig. 2-6-1 as the reference unless otherwise specified.

- 1. Set the PLAY mode. See Fig. 2-3-8.
- 2. Loosen the screws (A,(B)).
- With the Main Deck Assembly and Slide Deck Assembly pushed inside the unit, tighten the screws (A,B) while applying pressure on the slit washers of the slide guide plate.

The pressure applied should be enough to enable utilization of the rebounding force of the springs.

The tightening torque should be 0.069 N•m (0.7 kgf•cm).

4. Check the operation.

Repeat unloading and loading several times and make sure that these operations can be performed smoothly without producing rattles.

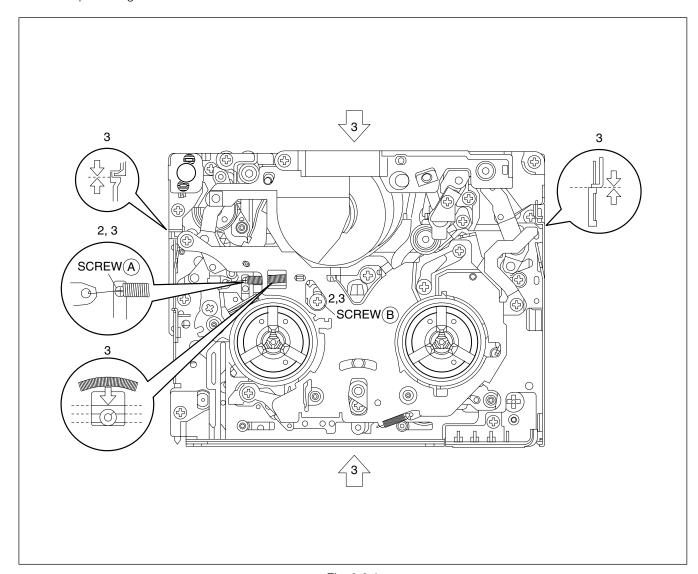


Fig. 2-6-1

## 2.6.2 Adjustment of the Tension Arm and Pad Arm Assemblies

Use Fig. 2-6-2 as the reference unless otherwise specified.

- 1. Set the PLAY mode. Se Fig. 2-3-8.
- 2. Loosen the screw (A).
- 3. With the take-up side at the bottom, align the extreme end of the Tension Arm Assembly with the crossed grooves on the screw (B) that retains the Loading Motor Assembly and then tighten the screw (A).

The tightening torque should be 0.069 N·m (0.7 kgf·cm).

4. Check the operation.

Repeat unloading and loading several times and make sure that the Tension Arm Assembly is located within the normal range.

**Note:** With the above checking method, a Torque Meter is not used.

When a Torque meter is used, the following are

the reference values:

Back Tension : 2.0 to 6.0 g•cm Play Torque : 8.3 to 12.5 g•cm

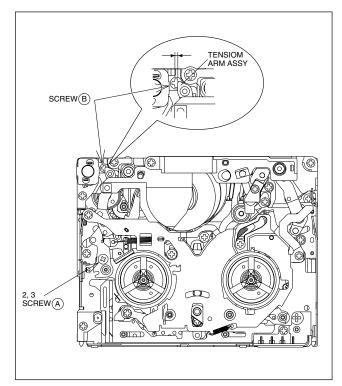


Fig. 2-6-2

#### 2.6.3 Adjustment of the Slide Lever 2

Use Fig. 2-6-3 as the reference unless otherwise specified.

- 1. Set the C IN mode. See Fig. 2-3-4.
- 2. Loosen the screw (A).
- 3. Set the Main Deck and Slide Deck Assemblies apart so that they do not rattle, then tighten the screw (A) by screwing it fully toward the Drum Assembly.

  The tightening torque should be 0.069 N·m (0.7 kgf·cm).
- 4. Check the operation.

Repeat unloading and loading several times and make sure that these operations can be performed smoothly without producing rattles.

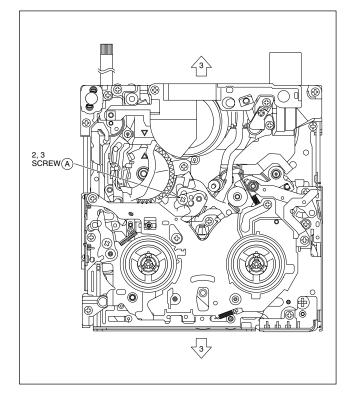


Fig. 2-6-3

#### 2.7 JIG CONNECTOR CABLE CONNECTION

Remove one screw (1) first and the cover (JIG) next.

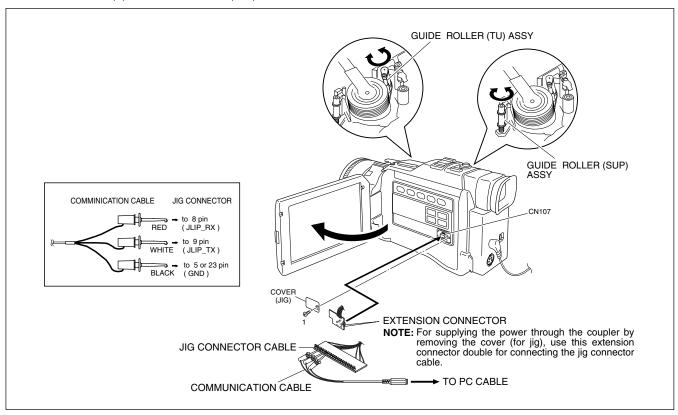


Fig. 2-7-1

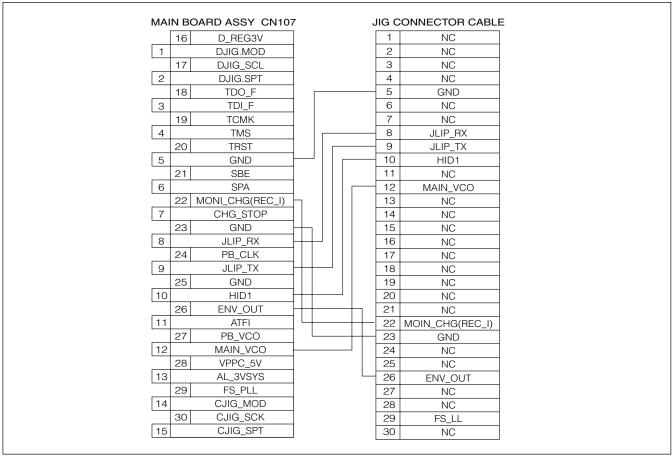


Fig. 2-7-2

#### 2.8 SERVICE NOTE

Use the following chart to manage mechanism parts that are removed for disassembling the mechanism.

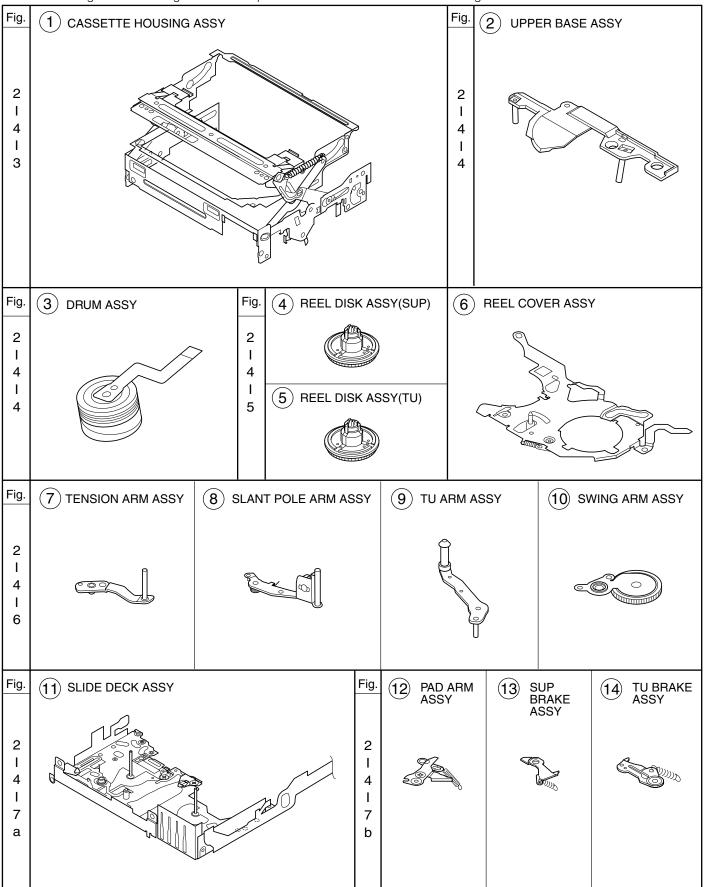


Table 2-8-1a

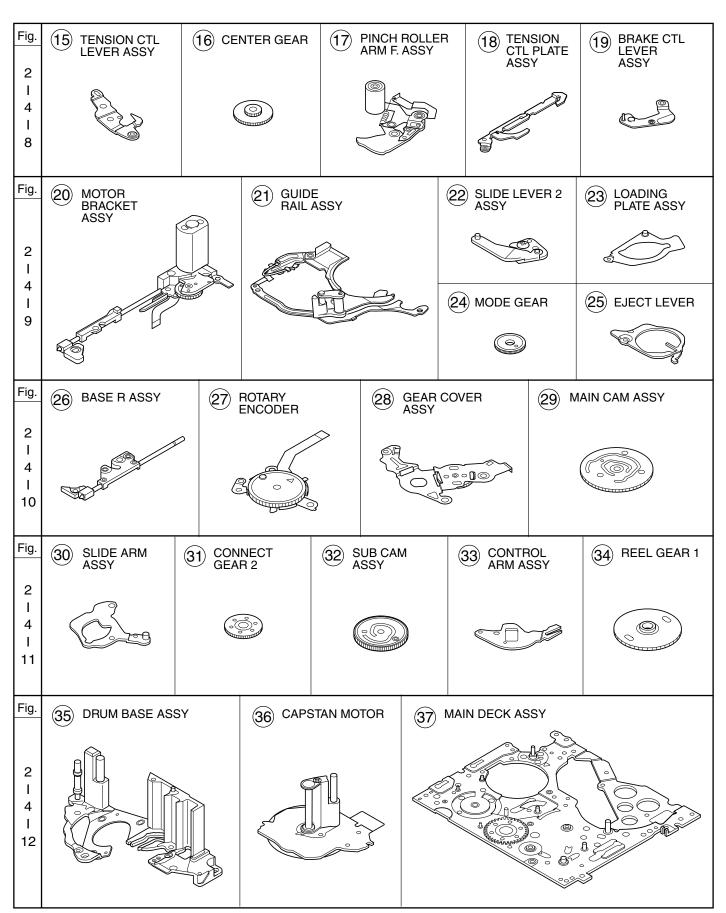


Table 2-8-1b

## SECTION 3 ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT

#### 3.1 PRECAUTION

#### 1. Precaution

Both the camera and deck sections of this model needs a personal computer for adjustment except simple adjustment with potentiometers. If some of the following parts is replaced for repair or other reason, the repaired set must be adjusted with a personal computer.

- OP block
- E<sup>2</sup>PROM (IC1003 of MAIN board)
- MONITOR
- E2PROM (IC7302 of MONITOR board)

In the event of malfunction with electrical circuits, troubleshooting with the aid of proper test instruments most be done first, and then commence necessary repair, replacement and adjustment, etc.

- 1. In case of wiring to chip test points for measurement, use IC clips, etc. to avoid any stress.
- Since connectors are fragile, carefully handle them in disconnecting and connecting.
- 3. Shortcircuit between operation un it and DECK chassis.

#### 2. Required test equipment

- 1. Color TV monitor.
- 2. AC power adapter/charger
- 3. Oscilloscope (dual-trace type, observable 100 MHz or higher frequency)

**Note**: It is recommended to use one observable 300 MHz or higher frequency.

- 4. Digital voltmeter
- 5. Frequency counter (with threshold level adjuster)
- 6. Personal computer

#### 3. Tools required for adjustments

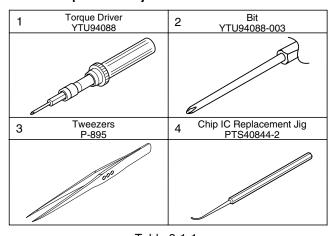


Table 3-1-1a

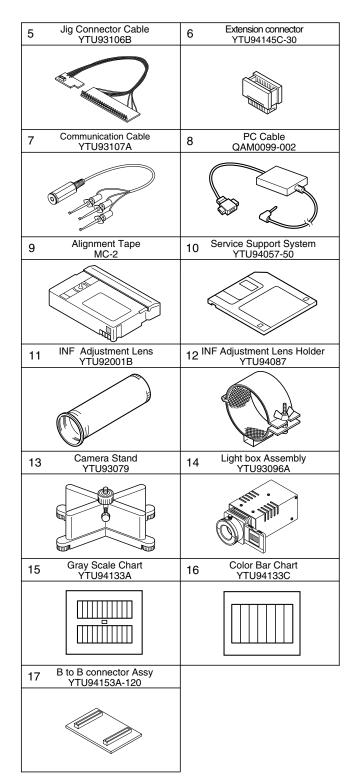


Table 3-1-1b

#### 1. Torque driver

Be sure to use to fastening the mechanism and exterior parts because those parts must strictly be controlled for tightening torque.

#### 2. Bi

This bit is slightly longer than those set in conventional torque drivers.

#### 3. Tweezers

To be used for removing and installing parts and wires.

#### 4. Chip IC replacement jig

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 5. Jig connector cable

Connected to CN107 of the main board and used for electrical adjustment, etc.

#### 6. Extension connector

Connect this extension connector to the connector of the jig connector cable for extending the cable connector.

Note: For supplying the power through the coupler by removing the cover (for jig), use this extension connector double for connecting the jig connector cable.

#### 7. Communication Cable

Connect the Communication cable between the PC cable and Jig connector cable when performing a PC adjustment.

#### 8. PC cable

To be used to connect the VideoMovie and a personal computer with each other when a personal computer is used for adjustment.

#### 9. Alignment tape

To be used for check and adjustment of interchangeability of the mechanism.

#### 10. Service support system

To be used for adjustment with a personal computer.

#### 11. INF adjustment lens

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 12. INF adjustment lens holder

To be used together with the camera stand for operating the VideoMovie in the stripped-down condition such as the status without the exterior parts or for using commodities that are not yet conformable to the interchangeable ring.

#### 13. Camera stand

To be used together with the INF adjustment lens holder.

#### 14. Light box assembly

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 15. Gray scale chart (for Light box assembly)

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 16. Color bar chart (for Light box assembly)

To be used for adjustment of the camera system.

#### 17. B to B Connector

Extension connector for use in the board-to-board connection.

#### 3.2 SETUP

1. Setup for electrical adjustment with personal computer

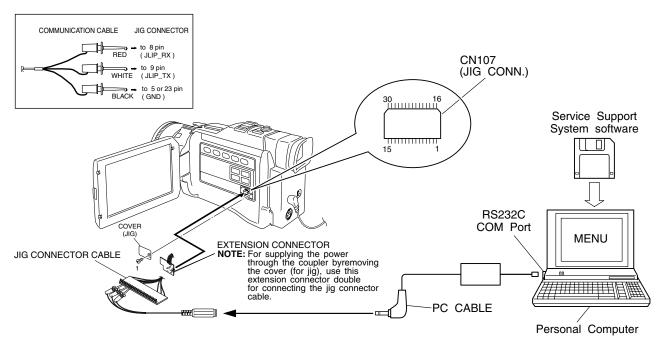


Fig. 3-2-1 Connection for Service support system

#### 3.3 MONITOR ADJUSTMENT

Notes: Unless otherwise specified, all measurement points and adjustment parts are located on MONITOR hoard

#### 3.3.1 PLL (MONI)

Subject	Camera picture Gray scale
Mode	●EE
Equipment	•Oscilloscope
Measurement point	●IC7301 pin 24 (RPD) or TL7301 (RPD)
Adjustment part	●R7321 (PLL MONI)
Specification	• A = B

- 1) Observe waveform at pin 24 of the IC7301 or TP7301 (RPD).
- For the wavefor shown in the waveform chart (Fig. 3-3-1), equalize the width of A and B with each other by adjusting R7321.

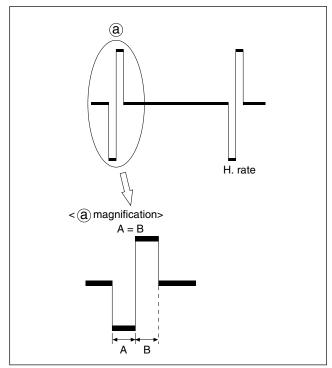


Fig. 3-3-1 PLL (MONI)

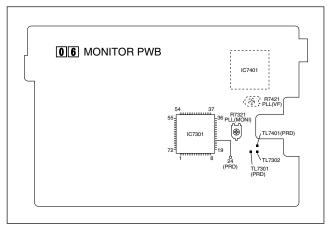


Fig. 3-3-2 MONITOR board (COMPONENT SIDE)

#### 3.4 ELECTRONIC VIEWFINDER (E.VF) ADJUSTMENT

Notes: Unless otherwise specified, all measurement points and adjustment parts are located on MONITOR board

#### 3.4.1 PLL (VF)

Subject	Camera picture Gray scale
Mode	●EE
Equipment	•Oscilloscope
Measurement point	●IC7401 pin 24 (RPD) or TL7401 (RPD)
Adjustment part	●R7421 (PLL VF)
Specification	•A = B

- 1) Observe waveform at pin 24 of the IC7401 or TL7401 (RPD).
- For the wavefor shown in the waveform chart (Fig. 3-4-1), equalize the width of A and B with each other by adjusting R7421.

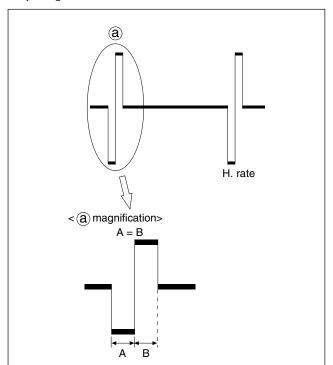


Fig. 3-4-1 PLL (VF)

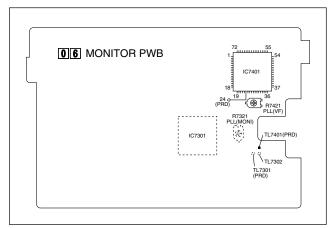


Fig. 3-4-2 MONITOR board (COMPONENT SIDE)